



**Distribution:** As Appendix 1

**From:** Chief Pharmaceutical Officer, Andrew Evans

**Date:** 1 February 2022

**Reference:** CEM/CPhA/2022/03

**Category:** Immediate – Action within 24 hours

**Title:** Covid-19 Therapeutic Alert: Interleukin-6 inhibitors (tocilizumab or sarilumab) for adult patients hospitalised due to COVID-19

**This alert replaces the previous alert CEM/CMO/2021/027 issued on 14 September 2021**

**For Action by:**

Chief Pharmacists - Action as below.  
Medical Directors – Action as below.

**Why has it been sent:** For your information, action and to pass on to colleagues.

**Issue:**

The published policy has been updated to reflect that tocilizumab (RoActemra) is now licensed as a treatment for adult patients hospitalised due to COVID-19 who are receiving systemic corticosteroids and require supplementary oxygen or mechanical ventilation. Please note that additional exclusion criteria now apply. Where supply is available sarilumab (Kevzara), an off-label treatment for this indication, should continue to be considered where tocilizumab is not available or cannot be used.

The policy is supported by evidence from the RECOVERY and REMAP-CAP trials, the COVID-19 Rapid Guideline developed by the National Institute for Health and Care Excellence (NICE), and guidelines from the World Health Organization (WHO).

[Overview | COVID-19 rapid guideline: managing COVID-19 | Guidance | NICE](#)

**Action:**

Health Boards/ Trusts are asked to take the following immediate steps to support treatment of adult patients hospitalised due to COVID-19:

1. **Organisations are recommended to consider prescribing tocilizumab (or, by exception, sarilumab) to adult patients hospitalised with COVID-19 in line with the criteria set out in the published policy** (attached). In the absence of a confirmed virological diagnosis, tocilizumab or sarilumab should only be used when

a multidisciplinary team has a high level of confidence that the clinical and radiological features suggest that COVID-19 is the most likely diagnosis.

2. Maintain access to intravenous tocilizumab for existing (non-COVID-19) indications including treatment of cytokine storm (CRS) following CAR-T cell therapy, rheumatoid arthritis (where appropriate), and paediatric indications.
3. Maintain access to subcutaneous sarilumab for existing rheumatoid arthritis patients.
4. Any organisation treating patients with sarilumab, as an off-label product, will be required to assure itself that the necessary internal governance arrangements have been completed before the medicine is prescribed. These arrangements may be through the health board / trust drugs and therapeutics committee, or equivalent.
5. Health Boards should notify the All Wales Specialist Procurement Pharmacist of their intention to participate in COVID-19 specific supply arrangements.
6. Order tocilizumab and sarilumab supply through existing routes.
7. Provide regular updates on the stock position to trust / hospital and regional pharmacy procurement lead / chief pharmacists.

## Product Details:

Tocilizumab (RoActemra) is supplied to the UK by Roche CHUGAI. It is a humanised monoclonal antibody against the interleukin-6 (IL-6) receptor.

Tocilizumab has a marketing authorisation in Great Britain (under the Medicines and Healthcare products Regulatory Authority), and in Northern Ireland (under the European Medicines Agency) for use in the treatment of coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) in adults who are receiving systemic corticosteroids and require supplemental oxygen or mechanical ventilation. Tocilizumab for intravenous use also has a marketing authorisation for adults in the treatment of moderate to severe rheumatoid arthritis. Tocilizumab for intravenous use has marketing authorisations for children 2 years and over in the treatment of active systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis, juvenile idiopathic polyarthritis and CAR-T induced cytokine release syndrome (CRS).

Sarilumab (Kevzara) is supplied to the UK by Sanofi (Aventis Pharma Ltd). It is a human monoclonal antibody that specifically binds to interleukin-6 receptors and blocks the activity of pro-inflammatory cytokines.

Sarilumab for subcutaneous use has a marketing authorisation for adults with moderate to severe rheumatoid arthritis. **Use of sarilumab under this policy as a treatment for COVID-19 is off-label.**

## Prescribing Sarilumab As An Off-Label Product:

Sarilumab is not licensed for use in COVID-19. As such, clinicians prescribing sarilumab for this indication should follow LHB governance procedures in relation to the prescribing of off-label medicines.

Further guidance on the prescribing of off-label medicines can be found below:

- <https://www.gov.uk/drug-safety-update/off-label-or-unlicensed-use-of-medicines-prescribers-responsibilities>
- <https://www.gmc-uk.org/ethical-guidance/ethical-guidance-for-doctors/good-practice-in-prescribing-and-managing-medicines-and-devices/prescribing-unlicensed-medicines>

## **Administration:**

Tocilizumab should be administered as an intravenous infusion at a dose of 8mg per kg, up to a maximum dose of 800mg. Tocilizumab should be diluted in a 100mL bag of 0.9% sodium chloride, after removing an equivalent volume of saline (total volume 100mL) and given over 1 hour<sup>1</sup>

A single dose is to be administered. A second dose should not be considered, given the uncertainty over evidence of additional benefit as well as the need to maximise available supply.

Sarilumab should be administered as a single dose of 400mg (using 2 x 200mg pre-filled syringes) as an intravenous infusion.

The Medusa monograph is available [here](#) (registration / log-on required).

## **Co-Administration:**

For further information please visit the University of Liverpool COVID-19 Drug Interactions website (<https://www.covid19-druginteractions.org/checker>).

**Neither tocilizumab nor sarilumab should be infused concomitantly in the same IV line with other medications.**

## **Monitoring, tracking and follow-up:**

IL-6 inhibitors are immunosuppressants which can suppress C-Reactive Protein (CRP) response for up to 3 months after administration. Monitoring of longer-term progress is recommended via recruitment of patients receiving these agents to the [ISARIC-CCP study](#).

All handovers of clinical care (including between hospitals if patients are transferred, between levels of care and clinical teams within hospitals, and between hospitals and primary care) should explicitly mention that an IL-6 inhibitor has been given and the date of administration.

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<sup>1</sup> The following infusion rate is recommended: 10ml/hour for first 15 minutes then 130ml/hour for the remaining 45 minutes followed by a 20ml normal saline flush

To: Chief Executives of Health Boards and NHS Trusts  
Medical Directors of Health Boards  
Nurse Directors Health Boards  
Directors of Public Health  
Hospital Principals and Chief Pharmacists to action as per alert  
NHS Direct  
AWTTC

To: **NHS Wales Shared Services Partnership for information.**