

FORM C GUIDANCE NOTES

This document provides guidance to applicant companies on how to complete the Form C. Separate guidance notes are available for completing the Form A and Form B, on the All Wales Therapeutics and Toxicology Centre (AWTTC) website under '[All appraisal documents](#)'.

If you have any queries when filling in the Form C, please contact Ruth Lang, Head of Liaison and Administration for AWTTC, the All Wales Medicines Strategy Group (AWMSG) secretariat, on 029 218 26900 or email AWTTC@wales.nhs.uk.

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i. The function and timing of Form C

Form C contains the information required for an appraisal to proceed. The decision as to whether a full submission (Form B) or limited submission (Form C) is required is that of the AWMSG Steering Committee. AWMSG reserves the right to request a full submission in relation to any medicine at any time during the process. The decision of the AWMSG Steering Committee in this respect is final and binding. Form C should be submitted to AWTTTC as soon as marketing authorisation is granted and, at the very latest, within three months of receipt of marketing authorisation. Please refer to the AWMSG process for industry engagement available under 'all appraisal documents' on the AWMSG website for further information.

Applicant companies who are planning to submit Form C should be aware that appraisal dates cannot be confirmed until the complete submission is received by AWTTTC and the appraisal scope has been agreed. A delay in submitting Form C will result in a delay in the appraisal process.

ii. Completing the Form C

Form C should be completed in full, with justification where this is not possible. The clinical evidence submitted by the applicant company should be comprehensive and to the same standard as that expected for a full (Form B) submission. Information should be included in the relevant section of the form where possible and any appendices should be clearly labelled with the corresponding question. The evidence quoted should be referenced throughout the form and a list of all references should be provided, together with electronic copies. If you have used a database to manage your references (e.g. EndNote) please supply us with a copy of your reference library or use the 'travelling library' option. In addition, the applicant company should provide a list of all of the documents that they have submitted.

It is vital that any data submitted (including prevalence, incidence and cost) are Wales-specific in order for AWMSG to appropriately appraise medicines for use within NHS Wales. Data from any other UK country, or elsewhere, will not be accepted where Wales-specific data are available.

NMG and AWMSG consider the basic NHS list price of medicines. Details of any proposed or negotiated discounts will not be considered and should not be submitted. Patient Access Schemes will only be considered following positive advice from the Patient Access Scheme Liaison Unit (PASLU) and approval from the Department of Health and incorporation into a positive NICE Final Appraisal Determination (FAD), or approval of a Welsh Patient Access Scheme by Welsh Government.

It is important to clearly highlight any data/information that the **applicant** company consider to be commercial/academic in confidence and, where possible, to provide a date beyond which this data/information will no longer be considered as such.

The following guidance notes are divided into seven sections and should be referred to when completing the corresponding sections of Form C.

1. Product information

1.1 General information

- a) Details of the **applicant** company should be entered. If the **applicant** company is not the **Medicines and Healthcare products Regulatory Agency (MHRA)** Marketing authorisation (MA) holder then the MA holder should also be entered. Please also highlight any additional company name(s) to be included on documentation relating to the appraisal and recommendation if this differs from the MA holder.
- b) The generic name should be entered under 'Approved name of medicine'.
- c) The brand or marketing name should be inserted under 'Trade name'.
- d) The formulation(s), strength(s) and route(s) of administration should be entered accordingly.
- e) The new licensed indication should be stated in full, in line with the Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC).
- f) Please state the indication covered in the submission if it differs from the full indication in Section 1.1e. AWMSG appraise medicines for the full new licensed indication(s) as detailed in the SPC and supporting evidence for the whole of the licensed indication, as agreed in the scope, should be submitted with your submission. However, when parts of the licensed indication are in distinctly separate disease areas, AWTTTC may request separate submissions for the separate parts of the licensed indication. AWMSG would then appraise the medicine for the two distinct areas separately.

Where a medicine receives a licence extension, AWMSG appraise the medicine for the whole of the indication(s) covered by that licence extension.

- g) Whether the medicine under consideration is newly licensed or has received a licence extension, the applicant company may highlight a specific population within the submission for which the medicine may be particularly advantageous, ensuring that evidence to support the subpopulation is included. AWMSG may consider a restricted recommendation, whereby the medicine would not be endorsed for use outside of this restriction.

1.2 Regulatory status

This section should be completed as fully as possible, ensuring that the information given is specific to the full indication under consideration. Details will remain confidential until after licence. Launch date will only be used in order to prioritise workload by AWMSG and therefore even an estimated time period would be acceptable.

1.3 Comparator and place in therapy

- a) List the major comparator treatments, including medicines with similar indication(s) to the medicine under consideration. If appropriate, this can be restricted to those in the same or similar therapeutic class. The applicant company should provide information on comparator treatment(s) based on current standard care in NHS Wales, i.e. what is considered to be “routine practice” and may potentially be displaced. Comparators licensed for the indication under consideration should usually be included; however AWMSG will also consider unlicensed comparators where it is deemed appropriate to do so. For some medicines, it may be appropriate to consider more than one comparator (e.g. if practice is varied or if current therapy is unlicensed).

The applicant company must justify their chosen comparator(s) based on evidence of current practice in NHS Wales. This normally requires advice from Welsh physicians, which should be sought by the applicant company.

- b) The anticipated place this medicine will have in therapy should be outlined accordingly.

1.4 Limited Submission details

The **applicant** company should indicate whether they consider their submission meets the criteria for a limited submission and, if so, on what grounds. It is vital that the **applicant** company provides as much detail as possible with regards to how and why they believe that their product meets a limited submission.

The decision as to whether a full submission (Form B) or limited submission (Form C) is required is that of the AWMSG Steering Committee. If the submission is for a medicine which is a new chemical entity or for a new licensed therapeutic indication (New Target Disease) then a full submission (Form B) is required.

A limited submission (Form C) may be deemed appropriate by the AWMSG Steering Committee in any of the following circumstances (where a product is not a new chemical entity or for a new licensed therapeutic indication [New Target Disease]):

- **A new formulation which has a pro-rata or lower cost per treatment**
e.g. slow release, new chemical salt of established medicine
- **A licence extension which is deemed minor by the AWMSG Steering Committee**
e.g. use in paediatrics
- **If the anticipated usage in NHS Wales is considered by the AWMSG Steering Committee to be of minimal budgetary impact**
- **If the estimated difference in cost compared with the appropriate comparator(s) is deemed by the AWMSG Steering Committee to be small**

AWMSG reserves the right to request a full submission in relation to any medicine at any time during the process. The decision of the AWMSG Steering Committee in this respect is final and binding.

2. Clinical effectiveness/equivalence

A balanced account of the evidence on clinical effectiveness should be provided, relating to the advantages and disadvantages of the medicine under consideration as compared to the existing/comparator product(s).

The applicant company should provide information on comparator treatment(s) based on current standard care in NHS Wales, i.e. what is considered to be “routine practice” and may potentially be displaced. Comparators licensed for the indication under consideration should usually be included; however AWMSG will also consider unlicensed comparators where it is deemed appropriate to do so. For some medicines, it may be appropriate to consider more than one comparator (e.g. if practice is varied or if current therapy is unlicensed).

The applicant company must justify their chosen comparator(s) based on evidence of current practice in NHS Wales. This normally requires advice from Welsh physicians, which should be sought by the applicant company.

The **applicant** company should consider the direct health benefits that patients will gain through the use of the medicine under consideration and identify any disadvantages that they may incur. Any factors which may influence the applicability of study results to patients in routine clinical practice in Wales should be highlighted. If the link between trial result and health outcome is unclear, or data are not specific to Wales, the current approach and rationale should be explained.

3. Cost and patient eligibility

Please provide details of any patient access scheme or commercial arrangement associated with the medicine. Patient Access Schemes will only be considered following positive advice from the Patient Access Scheme Liaison Unit (PASLU) and approval from the Department of Health (DOH) and incorporation into a positive NICE Final Appraisal Determination (FAD), or following approval of a Wales Patient Access Scheme (WPAS) by Welsh Government. **Please indicate whether the medicine is associated with a Commercial Access Agreement (CAA) and Market Access Agreement (MAA) within NHS England, and, where this is the case, whether a similar arrangement will be offered to NHS Wales.**

The **applicant** company should provide estimates in relation to the condition for which this medicine is likely to be prescribed. The figures provided must be as accurate as possible and reference sources must be stated, highlighting paragraphs and page numbers accordingly.

It is vital that **applicant** companies submit specific Welsh data in order for AWMSG to appropriately appraise medicines for use within NHS Wales. Data from any other UK country, or elsewhere, will not be accepted where Wales-specific data are available.

4. Budget impact and resource implications

The purpose of this section is to provide an estimate of the potential budget impact in a way that a health board could identify, e.g. how much money they might have to find if the new treatment replaces (or is used in addition to) existing therapy. The analysis should include all direct costs and be made specific to Wales. The following websites may be useful:

<http://wales.gov.uk/topics/statistics/headlines/health2010/?lang=en>

<http://www.wales.nhs.uk/sitesplus/888/page/46778>

<http://new.wales.gov.uk/topics/statistics/headlines/population2010/?lang=en>.

The **applicant** company should use the AWTTTC budget impact (BI) template to estimate the budget impact for Wales. All worksheets included in the template must be completed, including data sources and assumption rationale (where applicable). Where Welsh data are not readily available, UK data may be adapted based on Welsh population statistics. All assumptions must be justified, and supported with referenced evidence. Data from any other UK country, or elsewhere, will not be accepted where Wales-specific data are available.

The following points, a) to i) provide guidance to aid completion of the budget impact template. Further guidance is provided in the 'General guidance' worksheet within the template itself.

- a) Please give an estimate of the total number of patients in Wales who have the condition relating to the indication under consideration (current prevalence), and indicate the source of estimated numbers.
- b) Please give an estimate of the number of newly diagnosed patients each year over the first five years after introduction (yearly incidence), and the source of estimated numbers.
- c) The net number should, where appropriate, take account of changing patterns associated with the condition under consideration. In some cases, the prevalence may remain constant from one year to the next. In others, it may be likely to change, e.g. because of changes in incidence and/or prognosis and survival. There may be assumptions that some of these changes will be influenced by the new treatment.
- d) Give an estimate of the number of people in Wales currently treated for this condition and who would be eligible for treatment according to the product licence. There may be direct evidence, but this may have to be based on epidemiology and assumptions about the proportion of patients who are currently treated. If the appraisal indication under review reflects a sub-population of the licensed eligible patient population, the eligible sub-population should be identified.
- e) This estimate may be based on assumptions about the proportion of patients with the condition who will receive the new treatment as newly treated patients or as a result of being switched from existing treatment. It may involve making assumptions about market share and uptake changing with time e.g. an analysis of each of the five years after introduction. The estimate should allow for any patients who discontinue treatment.

- f) For the medicine under consideration and each of the principal alternative treatments identified in Section 1.3a:
- Estimate the cost per patient per year, or other appropriate time period (e.g. the acquisition cost of 28 days' chronic treatment or cost per treatment episode) stating any assumptions made.

This should consider the following (which should be stated):

- the average length of treatment (or range)
 - average dose anticipated (or range)
 - whether treatment is continuous, one-off or given cyclically, but for a finite time
- g) Combine the data for Sections 11d), 11e) and 11f), and present according to the same categories, and as annual totals. This table content should be the same as the 'summary acquisition costs' in the BI template.
- h) Resource use should be disaggregated under the following headings:
- Costs of administration (e.g. administration sets and diluents for a parenteral preparation)
 - Diagnostic and monitoring
 - Adverse events costs
 - Primary care resources and costs (including associated staff and infrastructure changes)
 - Secondary and tertiary care resources and costs (e.g. changes to average inpatient length of stay, and the number of bed days per year required to support any new service, associated staff and infrastructure changes)
 - Costs of personal social services

Resource implications, should be captured and summed in a separate table. This table content should be the same as the 'Summary resource' table in the BI template.

- i) The BI calculations should include one-way and multi-way sensitivity analyses together with scenario analyses, as deemed appropriate. Plausible ranges of values for the sensitivity analyses should be selected and justified. Tables with appropriate calculations should be provided on the 'Sensitivity analysis' worksheet of the BI template. If there is an approved WPAS or DOH PAS for the comparator(s), conduct sensitivity analysis to explore the impact of discounts ranging between 5% and 95% in increments of 5%.

5. Additional information

- a) Describe any potential equity and equality issues that might need to be considered for this medicine. For example: might there be any potential positive and/or negative impacts on people on the basis of their protected characteristics (age; disability; gender; gender reassignment; marriage and civil partnership; pregnancy and maternity; race; religion or belief; sexual orientation), or according to their income group or where they live, or on people who face health inequalities? Please provide any evidence that would help to identify and consider any equity and equality issues.

Please indicate whether you anticipate that this medicine would be supplied by a home healthcare provider.

6. References

You are required to provide AW TTC with an electronic copy of all references (on CD or USB/datastick) included in your submission. If you have used a database to manage your references (e.g. EndNote) please supply us with a copy of your reference library or use the 'travelling library' option.

7. Contact details

Please provide details accordingly.

THE FOLLOWING DOCUMENTS SHOULD BE SUBMITTED ELECTRONICALLY:

- LIST OF DOCUMENTS SUBMITTED
- FORM C
- BUDGET IMPACT MODEL
- REFERENCES
- SPC

A SIGNED HARD COPY OF FORM C MUST FOLLOW BY POST.

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